FORM "A"



THE DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY P.O. BOX 5506, DEPTFORD, NEW JERSEY 08096 TEL: [856] 415-1111 FAX: [856] 415-0199

FORM "A"	Application for report on feasibility of extending Public Sewer and/or Water,				
PURPOSE:	To determine the economic and technical feasibility of extending public sewer and/or public water				
APPLICATION FEE:	Sewer - \$50.00; Water - \$50.00 (Check should be made payable to the Deptford Township Municipal Utilities Authority).				
REVIEW FEE:	Sewer - \$600.00; Water - \$600.00 {to be deposited into escrow funds for professional reviews.				
APPLICANT					
NAME:_	Name:CONTACT PERSON:				
ADDRESS:_					
TELEPHONE:	TELEPHONE: FAX:				
PROJECT TO BE					
NAME:					
AREA OF E	NTIRE TRACT:PORTION TO BE SERVICED:				
	LOTS: TAX MAP PLATE NUMBER: BLOCK:LOT:				
TYPE: (CHE	CK) SINGLE FAMILY TOWNHOUSES INDUSTRIAL RCIAL APARTMENTS OTHER				
	D WITH PLANNING BOARD				
TYPE OF RE	QUEST: (CHECK) PLANNING BOARD APPLICATION TO BE SUBMITTED, IF REQUIRED. SUBDIVISION CLASSIFICATION ZONING CHANGE FROM ZONETO				
DEVELOPMENT	PLANS				
CONSTRUCTION START DATE: DURATION OF PROJECT:					
APPLICANT INTENDS TO: SELL UNIMPROVED LOTS					
SELL IMPROVED LOTS					
	SELL COMPLETED LOTS				
PROFESSIONAL	ENGINEER DESIGNING WATER/SEWER SYSTEM:				
SIGNATURE: (SEAL)					
	S:				
	E·				

DESC	RIPTION	OF PROPOSED SYSTEMS:			
	WAT	ER:			
	0				
Sewer:					
SUPPO	ORTING I	DATA REQUIRED:			
	(a)	General location plan showing streams, streets, blocks, lots, and tax map numbers, existing water mains, existing sewer mains, three (3) Copies			
(b) Proposed System outlines sizes, and routes of construction					
(c) Estimated rates of flow					
DATE		PRINT NAME SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT M A-1 or Form A-2, whichever is applicable, will be issued to applicant and anning Board within 45 days after this application has been received at the MUA			
****		·			
		DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE – FOR DTMUA USE ONLY			
DATE	APPLICA	ATION RECEIVED:AMOUNT OF CHECK (S):			
SIGNA	TURE O	F DTMUA:			
ACTIO	ON BY	AUTHORITY			
1.	SUBD	IVISION CLASSIFICATION:			
FEAS	BILITY	: FEASIBLE NOT FEASIBLE			
2.	Zonin	IG CHANGE:			
3.	REPO	RT ISSUED BU AUTHORITY ENGINEER YES NO			

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Project:
Project No:
DEPTFORD TOWNSHIP MUNICIPAL UTILITIES AUTHORITY FORM "A" REQUIREMENTS [CHECK LIST]
Application complete and signed by Owner
☐ Payment of Fees
Copies of filed deeds for any and all utility easements
☐ PDF copy of all plans and reports in original sizes
General Location Plan indication [3 Sets]:
☐ Streams ☐ Streets
☐ Block, Lots and Tax Map Numbers/Plate Number
Copy of the Planning Board Application
Location of any existing water mains
Location of any existing sewage systems
☐ Proposed system(s) outline
☐ Route of construction
Estimated flow rate calculations

Location of any and all utility easements clearly shown on plan

Form W=9 (Rev. December 2011)

(Rev. December 2011)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Name (as shown on your income tax return)					
je 2.	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above					
Print or type c Instructions on	Check appropriate box for federal tax classification: Individual/sole proprietor C Corporation S Corporation Partnership Trust/estate Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)					
	☐ Other (see instructions) ►					
ecifi	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)				
See Spo	City, state, and ZIP code	-				
	List account number(s) here (optional)					
Par	t I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)					
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a TIN</i> on page 3.						
Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.		Employer identification number				
Par	t II Certification					
Unde	r penalties of perjury, I certify that:					
1. Th	e number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting	for a number to be issued to me), and				
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and						
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below).						
Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.						
Sign Here		Date ►				

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income.

Note. If a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate), or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax on any foreign partners' share of income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, a partnership is required to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid withholding on your share of partnership income.

The person who gives Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States is in the following cases:

- . The U.S. owner of a disregarded entity and not the entity,
- The U.S. grantor or other owner of a grantor trust and not the trust, and
- The U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity not subject to backup withholding, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8.

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See the instructions below and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 1.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Administration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income will be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a domestic owner, the domestic owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, you must complete an appropriate Form W-8.

Note. Check the appropriate box for the federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.